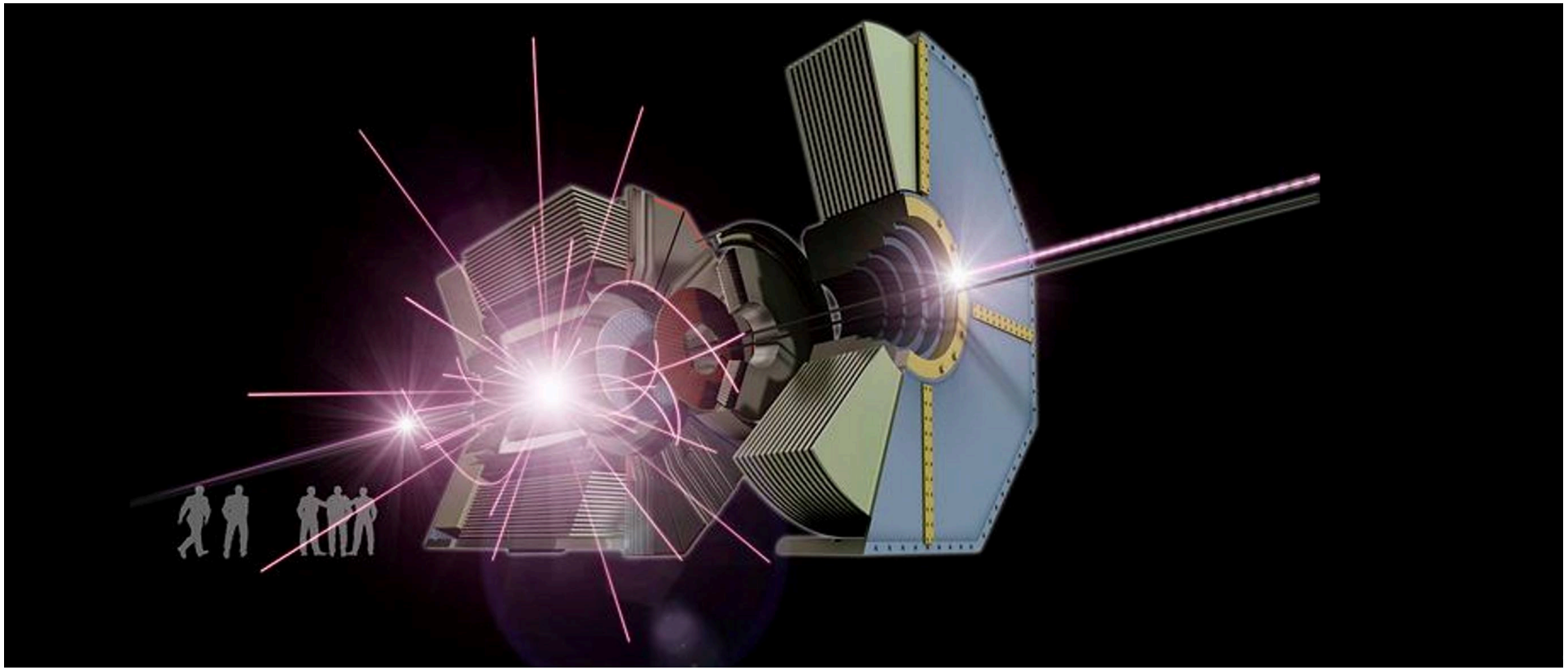
F. Le Diberder
on behalf of the
LAL-IPHC team

Belle II @



The present proposal is :

for LAL-IPHC to join Belle-II as a long term commitment

It covers mostly **the initial period 2017-2018-2019** of the ramping up of the activities. We expect the team to enlarge and expand its responsibilities later (no commitment yet).

The proposal concerns **only Belle-II**, although it should be put in context, and thus other activities not belonging to the present Belle-II proposal will be mentioned.

The understanding should be that the commitment of LAL-IPHC is meant for the full Belle-II project (far beyond 2019) and should represent quickly the main activity of the members of the team.

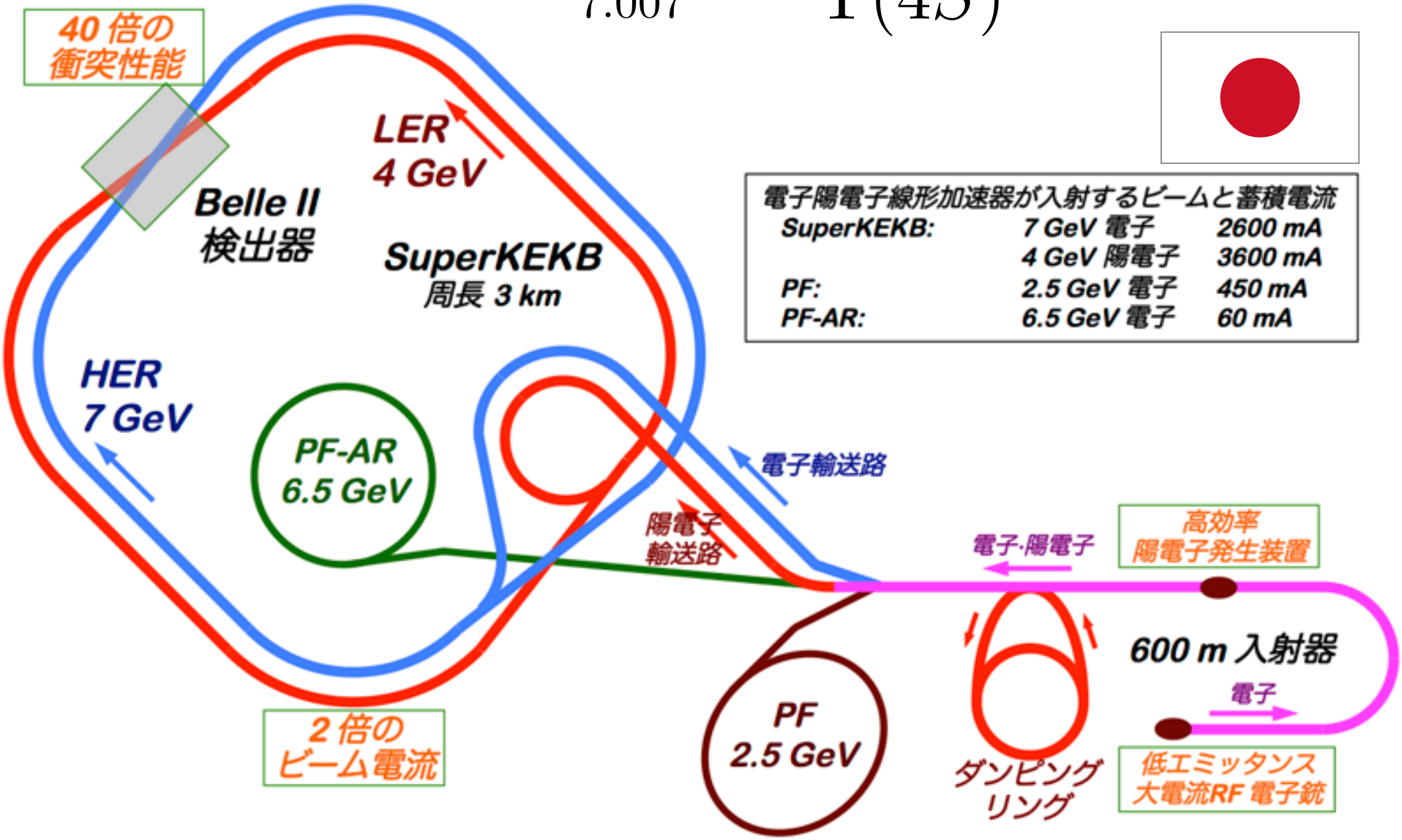
Scientific Council LAL : 22 May
Scientific Council IPHC : 8 June
Belle-II Institutional Board : 19 June

enthusiastically

SuperKEKB

KEK-JAPAN

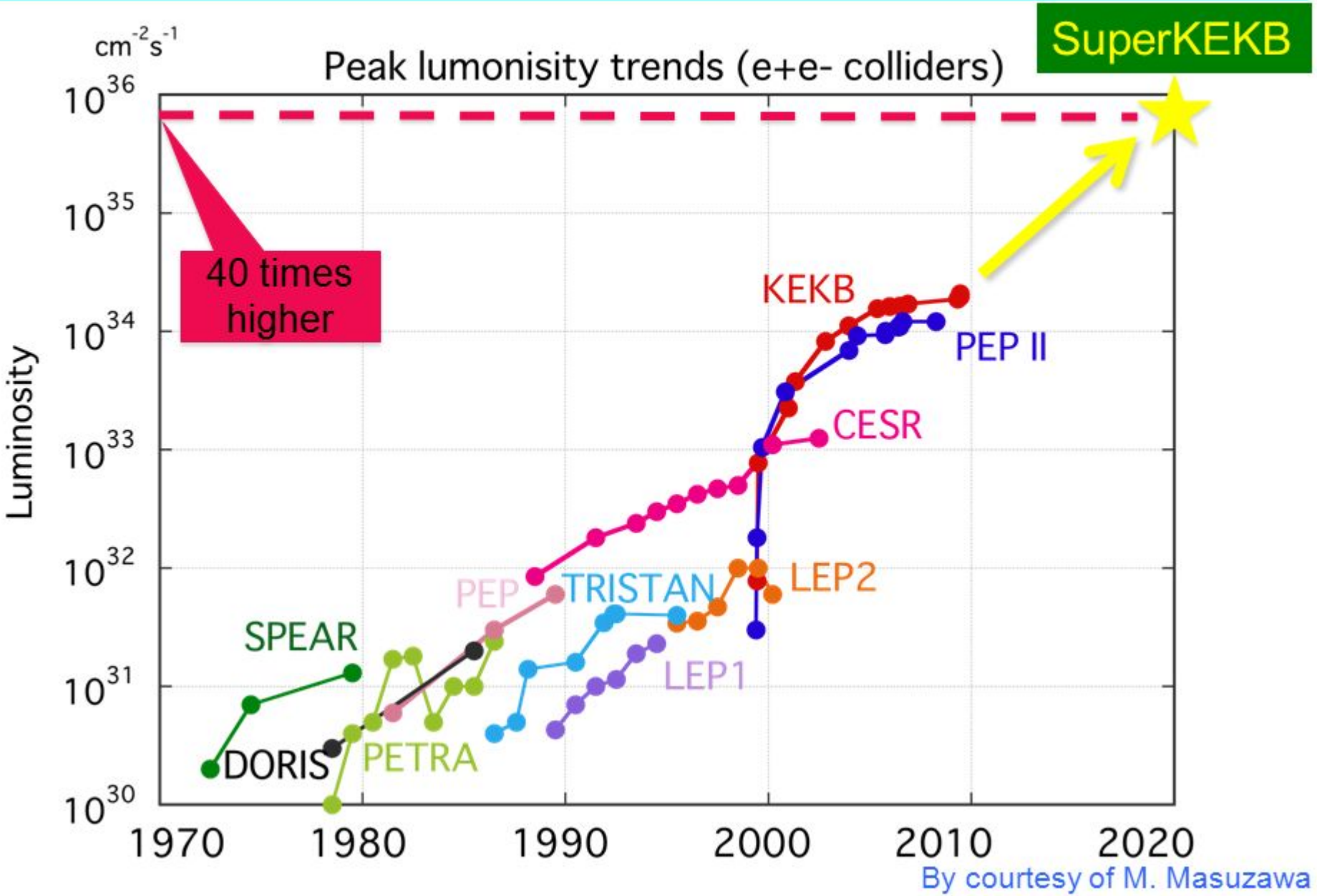
$$e^-(7\mathrm{GeV}) \underset{7.007}{\overset{83\ \mathrm{mrad}}{\rightarrow\!\!\!\!\leftarrow}} e^+(4\mathrm{GeV}) \quad \Upsilon(4S)$$



電子陽電子線形加速器が入射するビームと蓄積電流

SuperKEKB:	7 GeV 電子	2600 mA
	4 GeV 陽電子	3600 mA
PF:	2.5 GeV 電子	450 mA
PF-AR:	6.5 GeV 電子	60 mA

Luminosity trend



By courtesy of M. Masuzawa

How to increase the luminosity?

Super KEKB
uest for BSM

Beam-beam parameter

Lorentz factor

Beam current

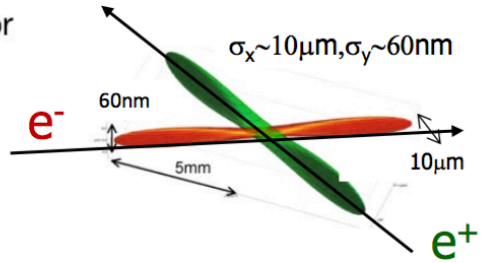
$$L = \frac{\gamma_{e\pm}}{2er_e}\left(1+\frac{\sigma_y^*}{\sigma_x^*}\right)\left(\frac{I_{e\pm}\xi_y^{e\pm}}{\beta_y^*}\right)\left(\frac{R_L}{R_{\xi_y}}\right)$$

Lumi. reduction factor
(crossing angle)&
Tune shift reduction factor
(hour glass effect)
0.8 - 1
(short bunch)

Classical electron radius

Beam size ratio@IP
1 - 2 % (flat beam)

Vertical beta function@IP



(1) Smaller β_y^* ← **"Nano-Beam" scheme**

(2) Increase beam currents

(3) Increase ξ_y

Collision with very small spot-size beams

cf. Pantaleo Raimondi (SuperB)

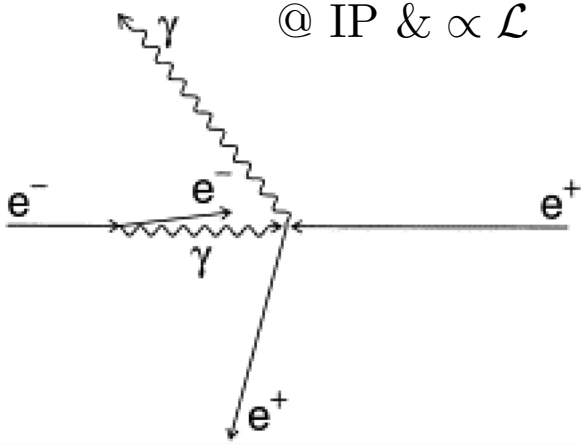
Machine Design Parameters

parameters		KEKB		SuperKEKB		units
		LER	HER	LER	HER	
Beam energy	E_b	3.5	8	4	7.007	GeV
Half crossing angle	φ	11		41.5		mrad
# of Bunches	N	1584		2500		
Horizontal emittance	ε_x	18	24	3.2	4.6	nm
Emittance ratio	κ	0.88	0.66	0.27	0.28	%
Beta functions at IP	β_x^*/β_y^*	1200/5.9		32/0.27	25/0.30	mm
Beam currents	I_b	1.64	1.19	3.6	2.6	A
beam-beam param.	ξ_y	0.129	0.090	0.088	0.081	
Bunch Length	σ_z	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	mm
Horizontal Beam Size	σ_x^*	150	150	10	11	um
Vertical Beam Size	σ_y^*	0.94		0.048	0.062	um
Luminosity	**L**	**2.1×10^{34}**		**8×10^{35}**		$cm^{-2}s^{-1}$

Major source of background

radiative BhaBha's

@ IP & $\propto \mathcal{L}$

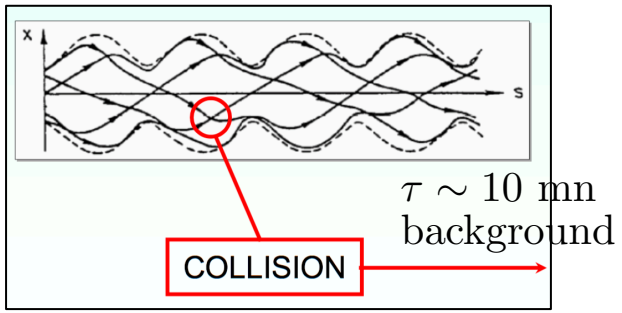


Touschek scattering ⟵ nanobeam

– Intra-bunch scattering, Rate $\propto$ (beam size)$^{-1}$,(E_{beam})$^{-3}$

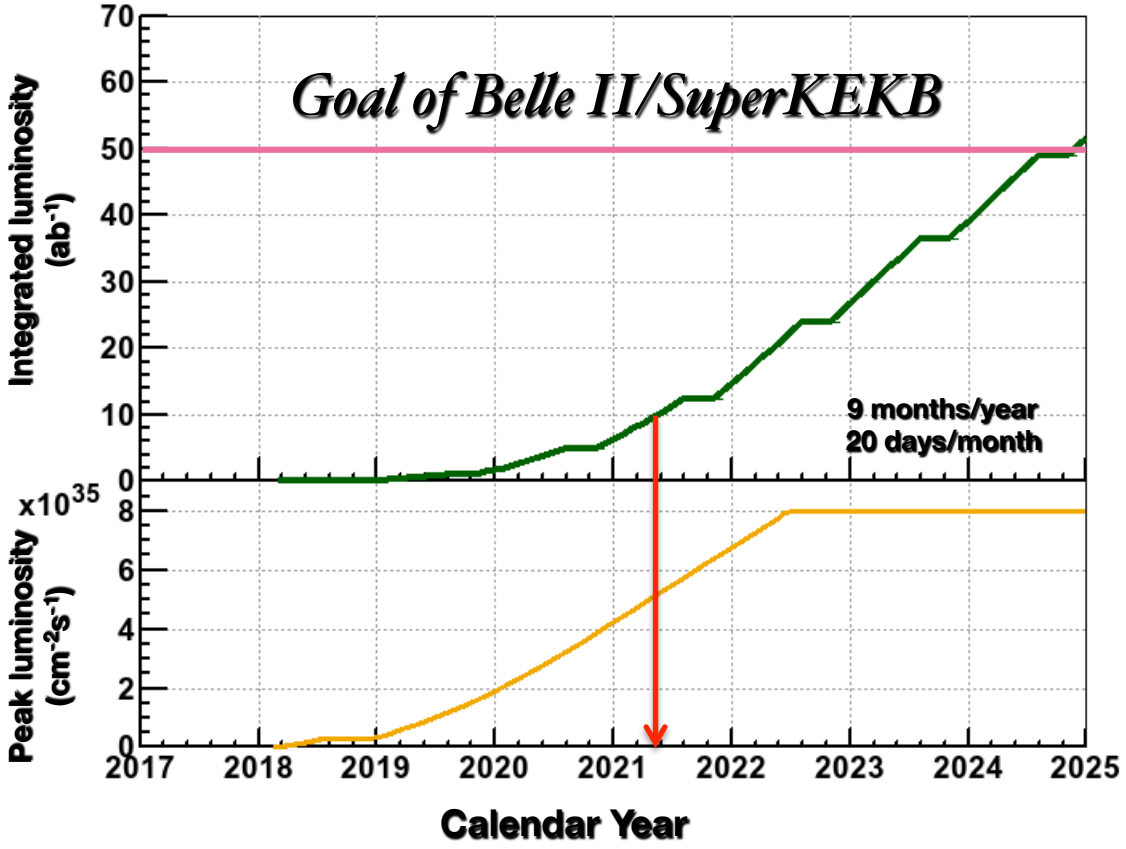
– Most dangerous background at SuperKEKB,

since beam size is x20 smaller ("Nano-beam scheme")



$\tau \sim 10$ mn background

SuperKEKB luminosity projection



Program length

$\geq$ 10 years

Assume nominal 9 month running per year $\Longrightarrow$ ¥

$(\pm$ syst$)$

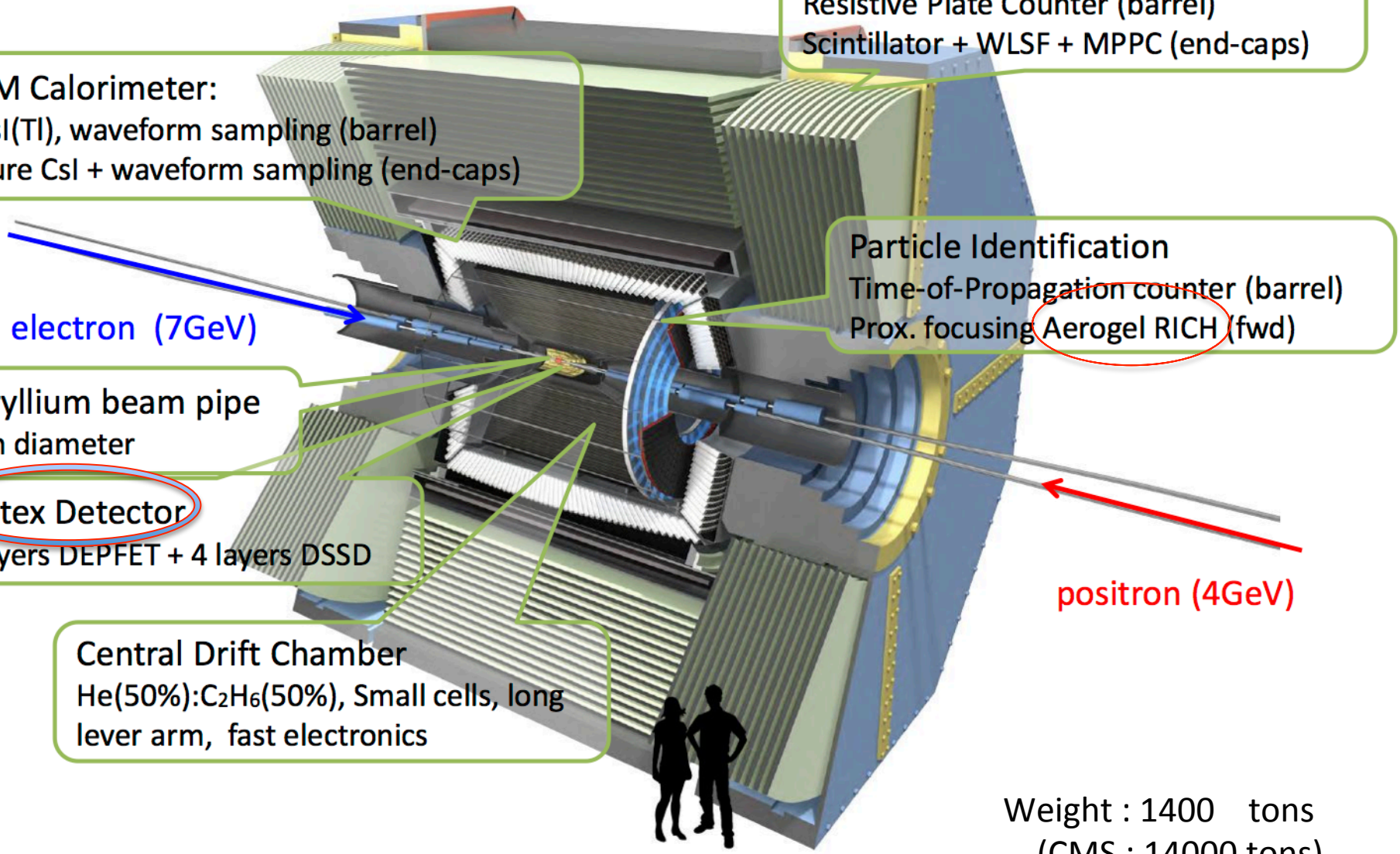
The starting date of nominal data taking is now firm : end 2018
The learning curve assumptions are conservative, not “aggressive”

Excellent team of Machine Physicists

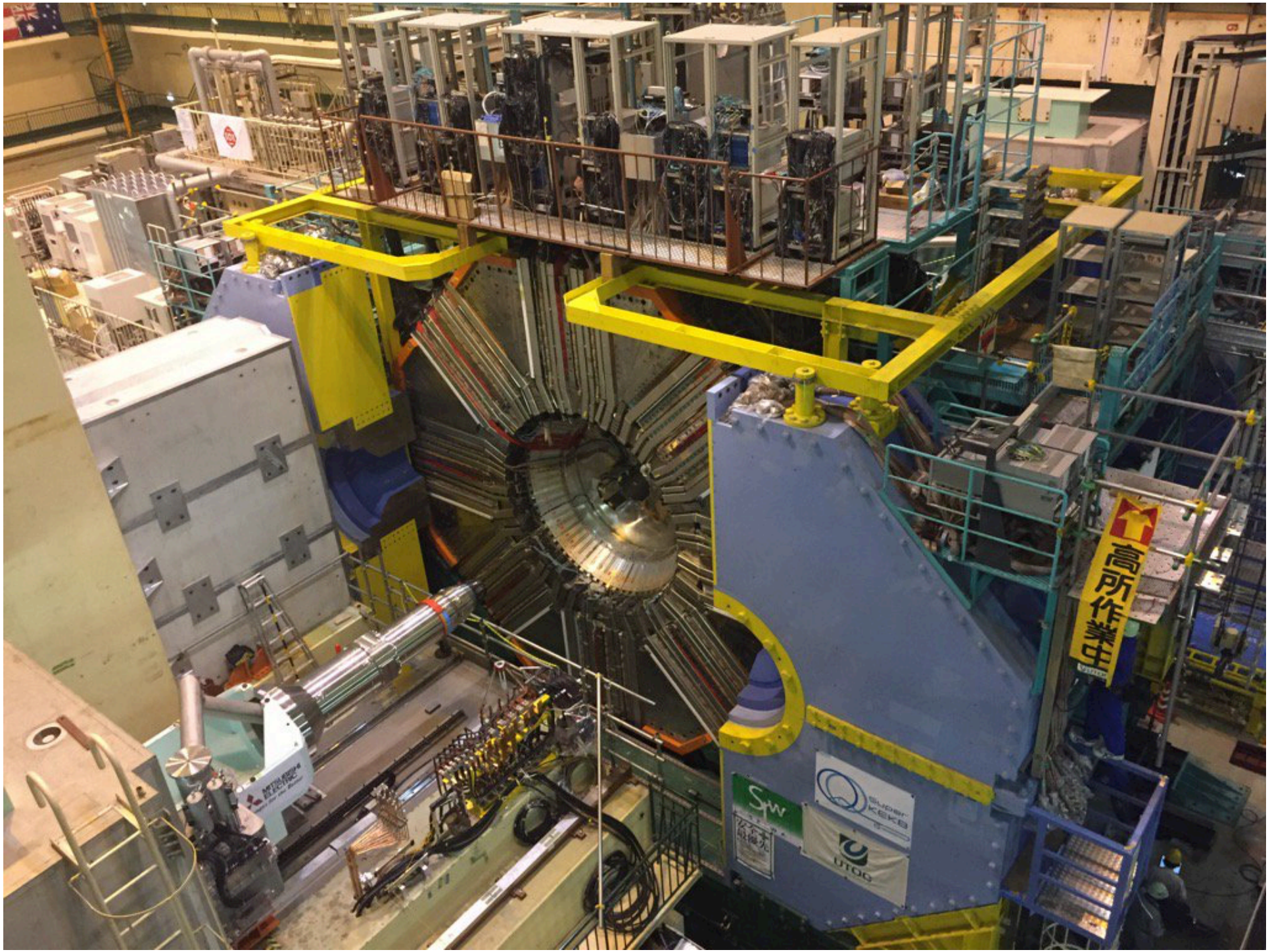
MITSUBISHI

Belle II

Belle II Detector



Weight : 1400 tons
(CMS : 14000 tons)


高所作業中
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC
SuperKEKB
UTOC

Belle II International Collaboration

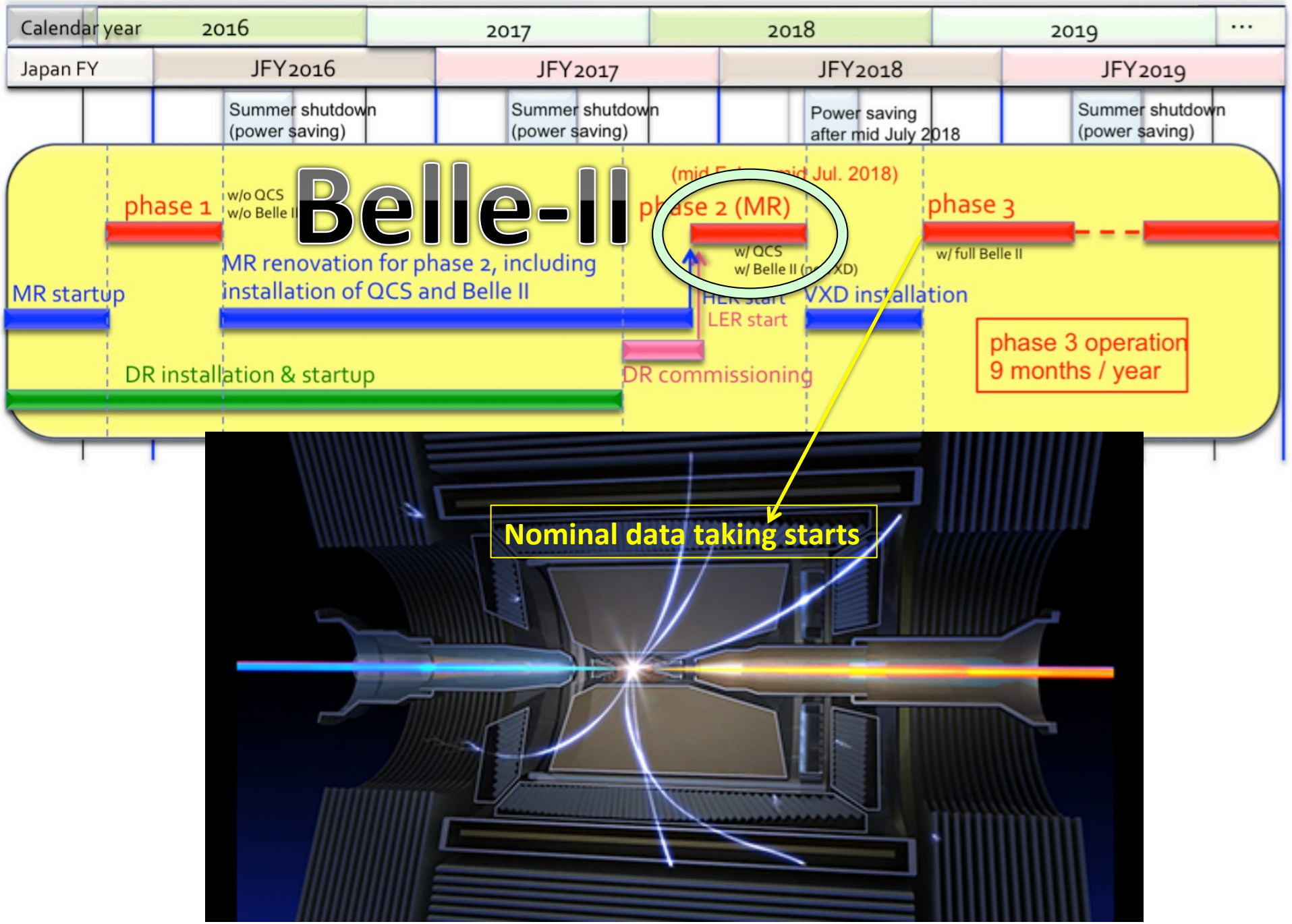
As of Feb. 2017

23countries/regions
101 institutions
~700 researchers

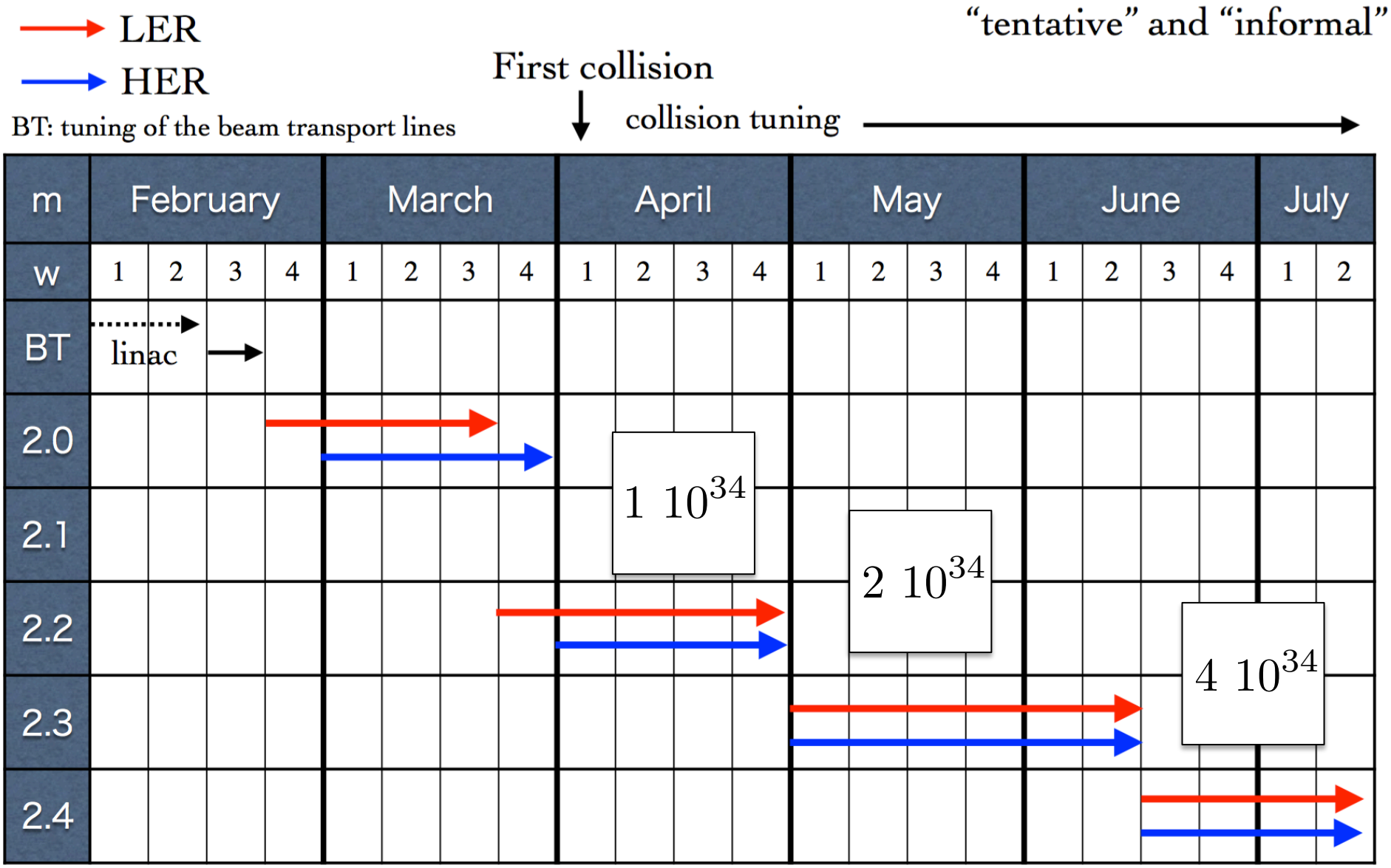
Europe	281
Austria	14
Czech	7
Germany	106
Italy	74
Poland	10
Russia	46
Slovenia	17
Spain	4
Ukraine	3

Asia			337
Saudi Arabia	3	Korea	42
Australia	36	Malaysia	5
China	27	Vietnam	2
India	39	Taiwan	21
Japan	159	Thailand	2
		Turkey	1

America	117
Canada	23
Mexico	11
USA	83


Calendar year
2016
2017
2018
2019
...
Japan FY
JFY2016
JFY2017
JFY2018
JFY2019
Summer shutdown (power saving)
Summer shutdown (power saving)
Power saving after mid July 2018
Summer shutdown (power saving)
Belle-II
phase 1
w/o QCS
w/o Belle II
(mid F... mid Jul. 2018)
phase 2 (MR)
w/ QCS
w/ Belle II (no VXD)
phase 3
w/ full Belle II
MR renovation for phase 2, including installation of QCS and Belle II
MR startup
HER start
LER start
VXD installation
DR installation & startup
DR commissioning
phase 3 operation
9 months / year
Nominal data taking starts

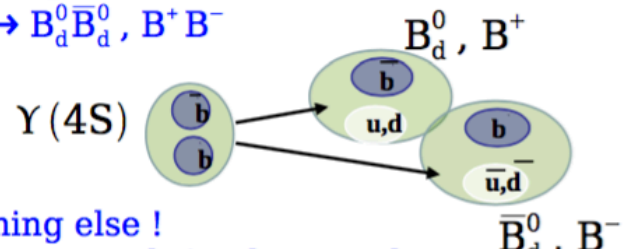
Phase II


LER
HER
BT: tuning of the beam transport lines
First collision
collision tuning
"tentative" and "informal"
m
February
March
April
May
June
July
w
1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2
BT
linac
2.0
2.1
2.2
2.3
2.4
1 10^34
2 10^34
4 10^34

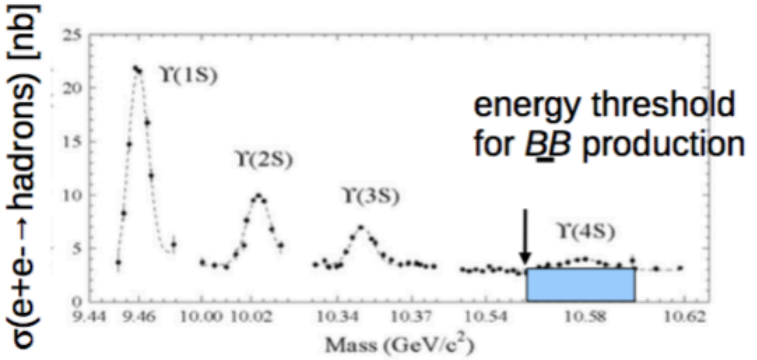
Belle II, a flavour-factory, a rich physics program ...

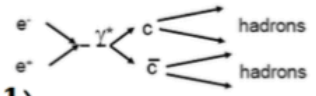
- We plan to collect 50 ab^{-1} of e^+e^- collisions at (or close to) the $\Upsilon(4S)$ resonance, so that we have:
  - **a (Super) B-factory ($\sim 1.1 \times 10^9$ $B\bar{B}$ pairs per ab^{-1})**

''on resonance'' production
$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S) \to B^0_d\bar{B}^0_d, B^+B^-$



- 2 B's and nothing else !
- 2 B mesons are created simultaneously in a L=1 coherent state

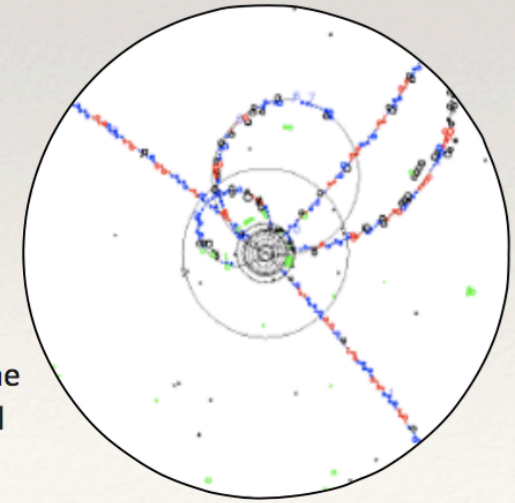




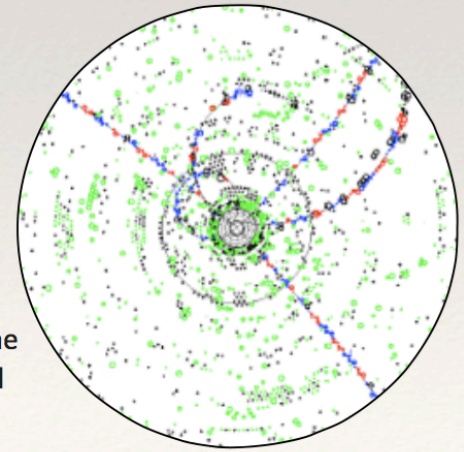
  - **a (Super) charm factory ($\sim 1.3 \times 10^9$ $c\bar{c}$ pairs per ab^{-1})**
  - **a (Super) τ factory ($\sim 1.3 \times 10^9$ $\tau^+\tau^-$ pairs per ab^{-1})**
  - with Initial State Radiation, effectively scan the range [0.5 – 10] GeV and measure the $e^+e^- \to$ light hadrons cross section very precisely
  - exploit the clean e^+e^- environment to probe the existence of exotic hadrons, dark photons/Higgs, light Dark Matter particles, ...

Entrance Fees ?

transverse view of the detector with signal [Belle]



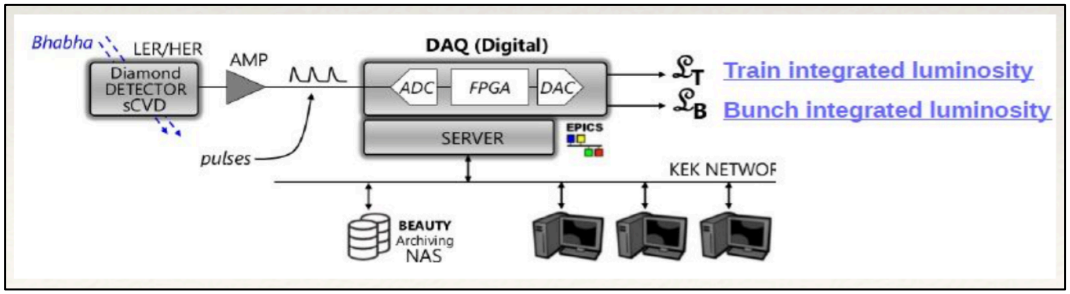
transverse view of the detector with signal [Belle II]



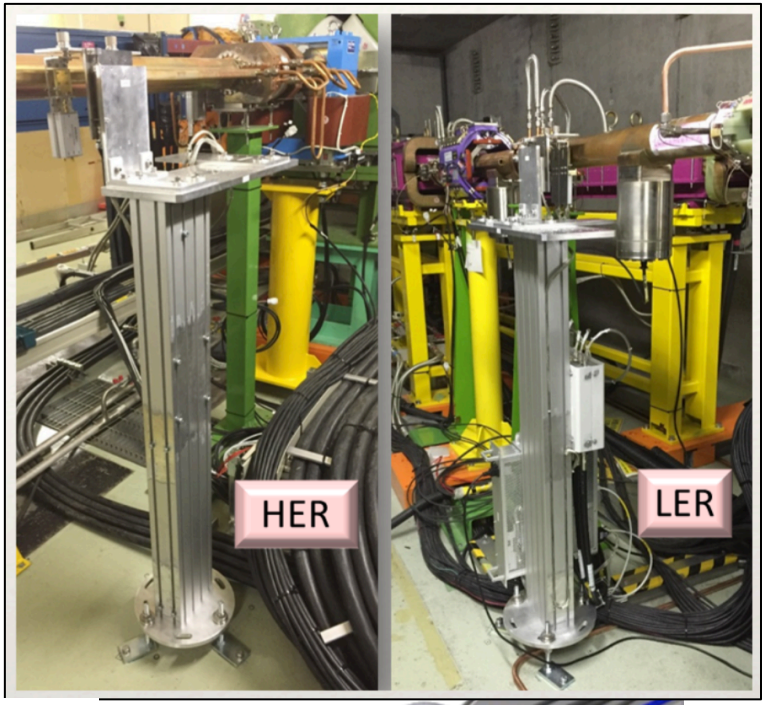
- High luminosity of the collider produces also huge amount of parasite particles:
  - dominate occupancy in inner tracker,
  - damage detectors.

➔ the success of Belle II physics program relies on the control of the beam induced background.

Fast Luminosity measurement Double purpose : Feed-back & (top-up) Monitoring

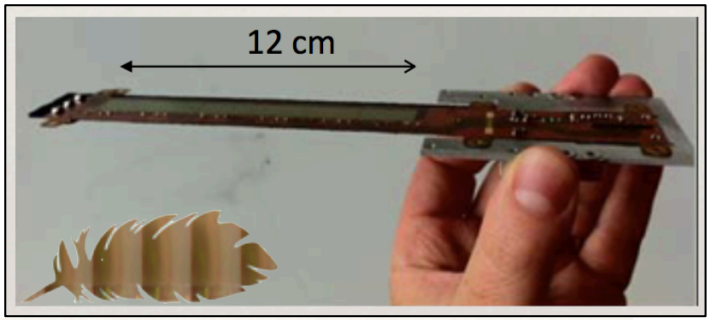


LABORATOIRE DE L'ACCÉLÉRATEUR LINÉAIRE



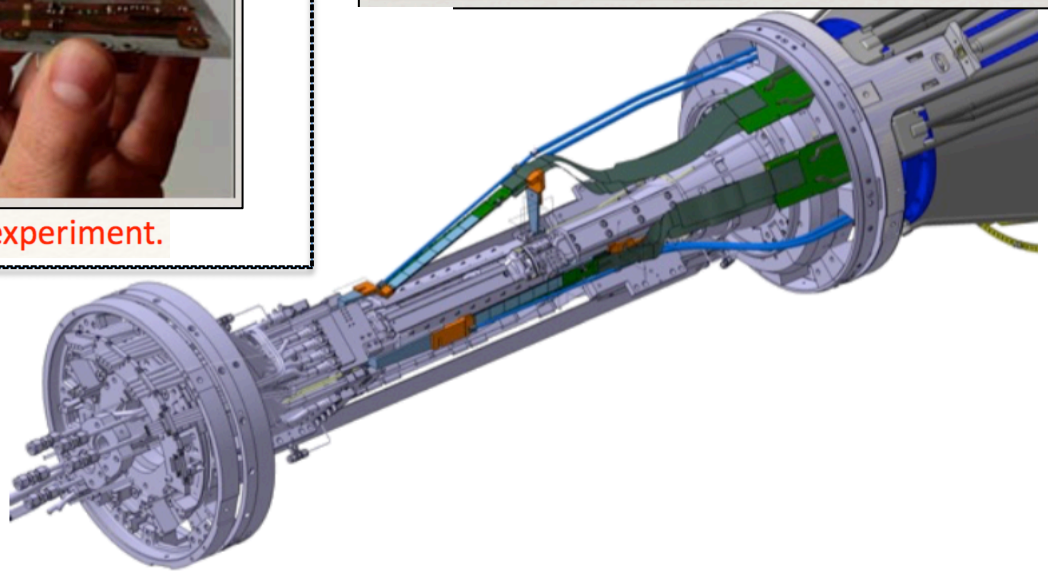
Plume detector : CMOS sensors (16M pixels)

SuperKEKB Commissioning Detector
BEAST II
Belle II Collaboration



BEAST II: Beam Exorcism for A STable BELLE II experiment.

IPHC
Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert CURIEN
STRASBOURG



B2TiP

$2014 \rightarrow 2017 \rightarrow 2019$

One of us is already playing a major role in Belle II

- Collaboration wide review to commence ASAP - near end of June.
- Managed by new publication council (see IB meeting)
- Intend to use plots, results from book at summer conferences
- Post as a public report on docs.belle2.org by early July

E. Kou & P. Urquijo
(Belle-II Analysis Coordinator)

LHCb DIRAC LHCP

LHCb GRID SOLUTION

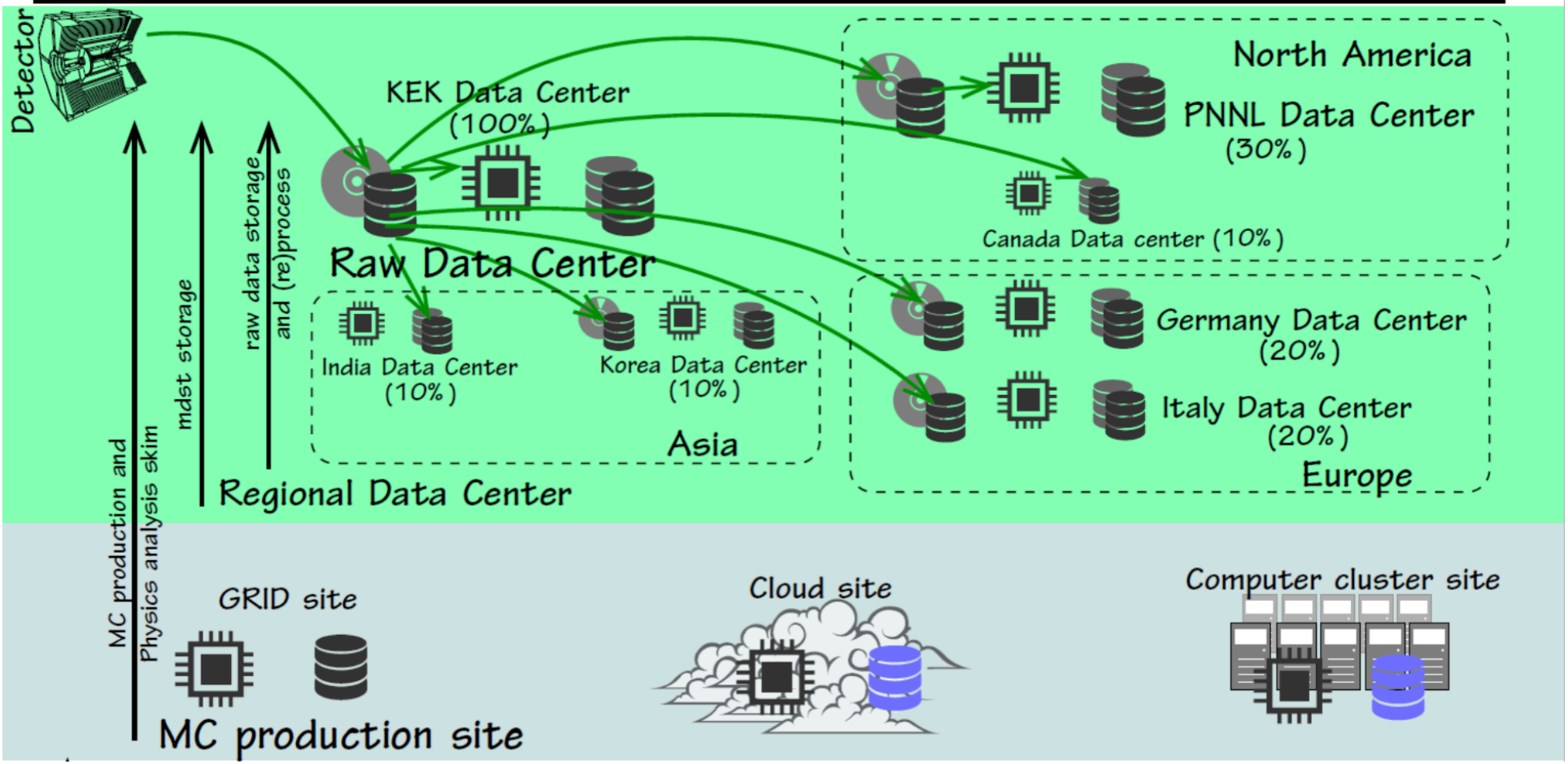
Belle-II relies on DIRAC

Computing Model

>10 PB of raw data per year

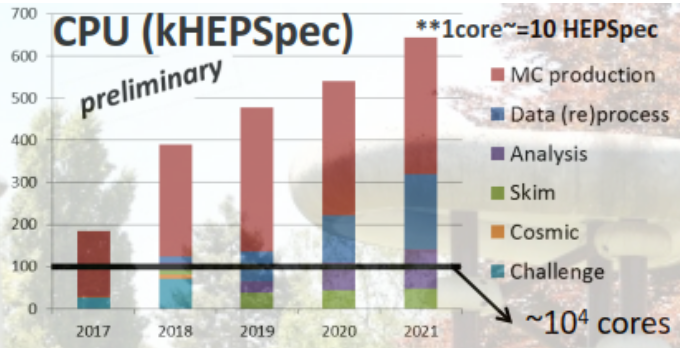
→ Distributed computing model

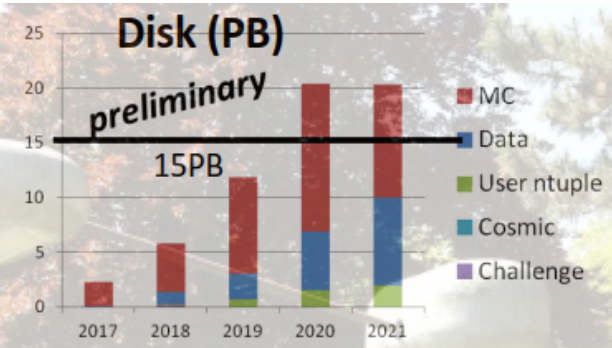
Share per fraction of PhDs

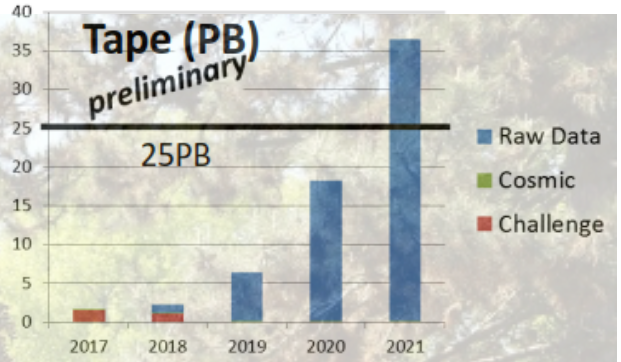


Computing resources

Belle II Computing : resource estimate (up to 2021 ~20 ab^{-1})







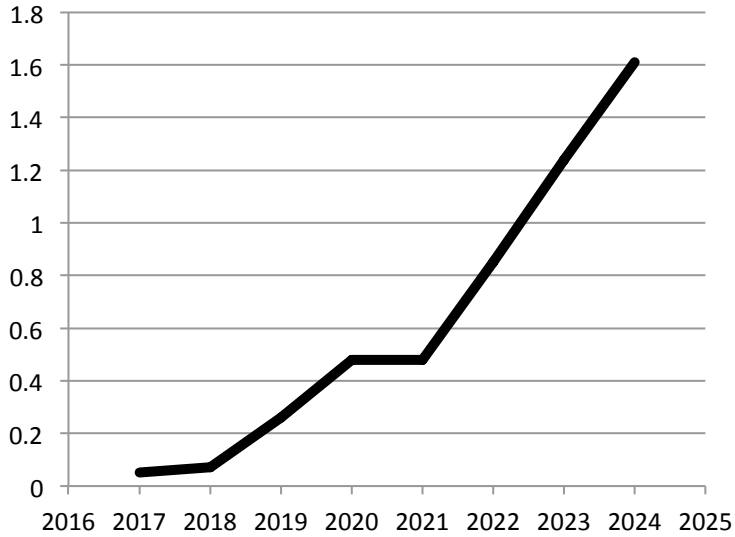
Basically, each collabortion country is expected to provide the computing resources proportional to a fraction of the number of Ph.D researchers in Belle II

Assuming 10 PhD researchers in French Belle II group, ~3% contribution is expected.

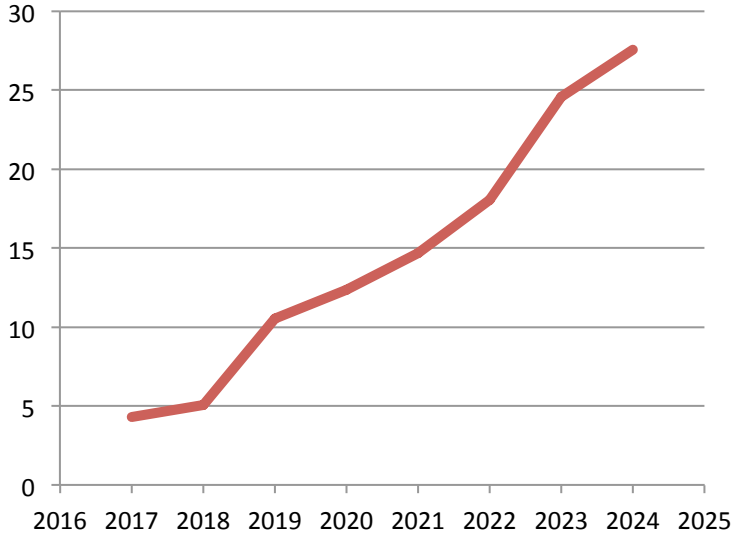
An already long history
of collaboration France-Japan
notably for computing/software

The computing ressources requested
are small… because the group
is meant to remain rather small : ~10 PhD

PB Disk CC-IN2P3 (10 PhD = 3%)



kHEPspec France (10 PhD = 3%)



France = CC-IN2P3 + IPHC + LAL (best effort)

M&O = 3 k€ / PhD
for 9 months operation
(i.e nominal year)

LAL-IPHC Project

The LAL – IPHC initial team, as of now

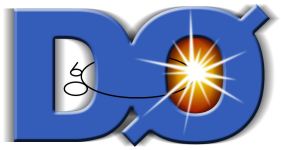
Philip	Bambade	LAL	DR
Sviatoslav	Bilokin	IPHC	Postdoc
Leonid (*)	Burmistrov	LAL	IR
Daniel	Cuesta	IPHC	PhD
Emi	Kou	LAL	DR
Francois	Le Diberder	LAL	Pr
Jerome	Baudot	IPHC	Pr
Isabelle	Ripp-Baudot	IPHC	DR

(*) long stays foreseen

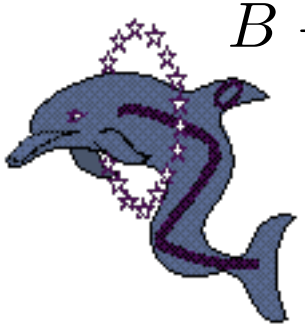
$b\&c$ tagging

SuperB

Čerenkov & PID
Fast simulation



$B \to \tau\nu_\tau$

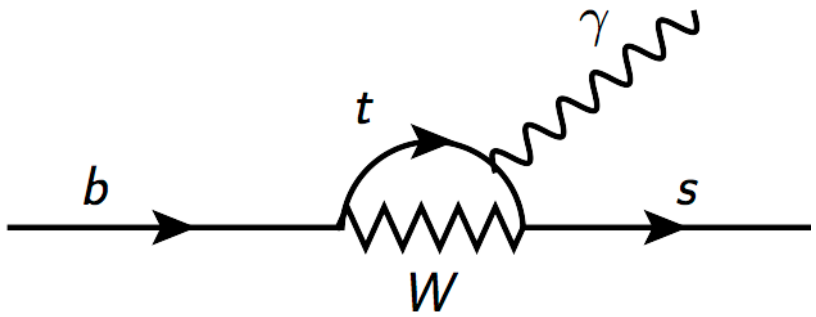


$B_s \leftrightarrow \bar{B}_s$

Members of the team
are experienced in B Physics

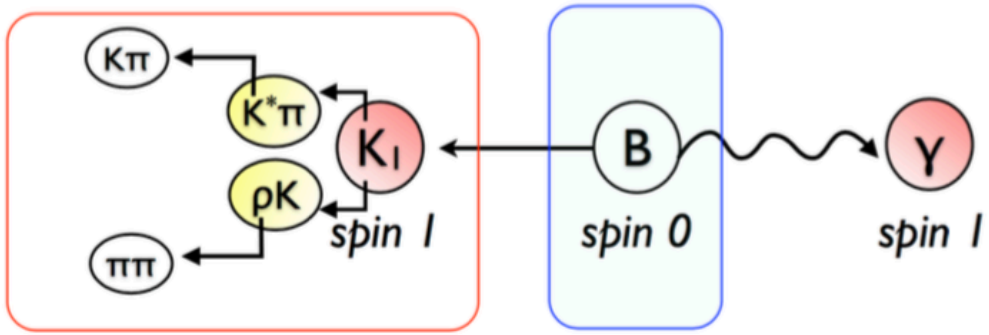
$B \to DX$

Main motivation : BSM



$$B \to K\pi\pi\gamma_{\leftarrow polarized}$$ (in SM)

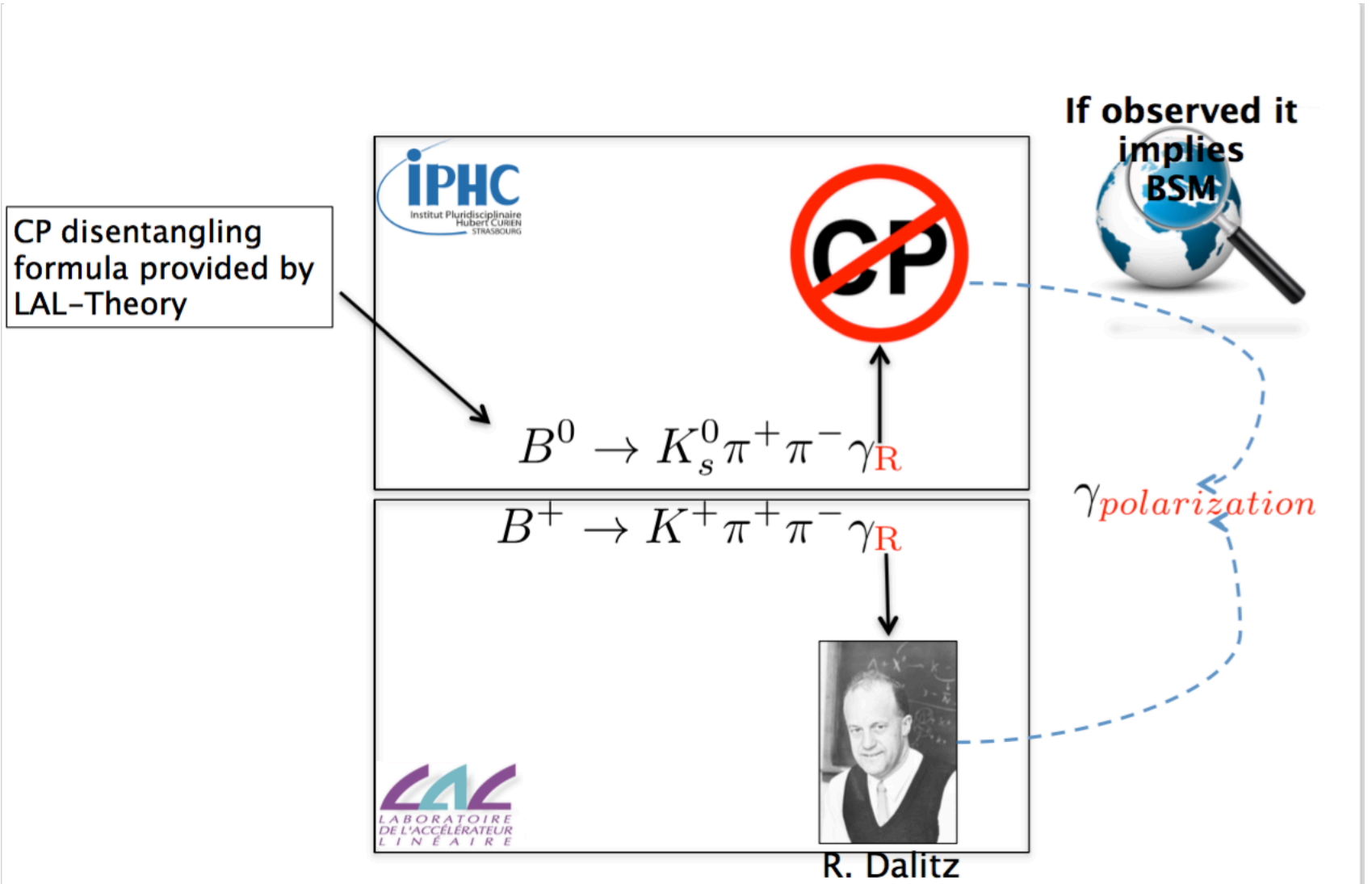
$$polarized \rightarrow K\pi\pi \leftarrow B \rightarrow \gamma \leftarrow polarized$$

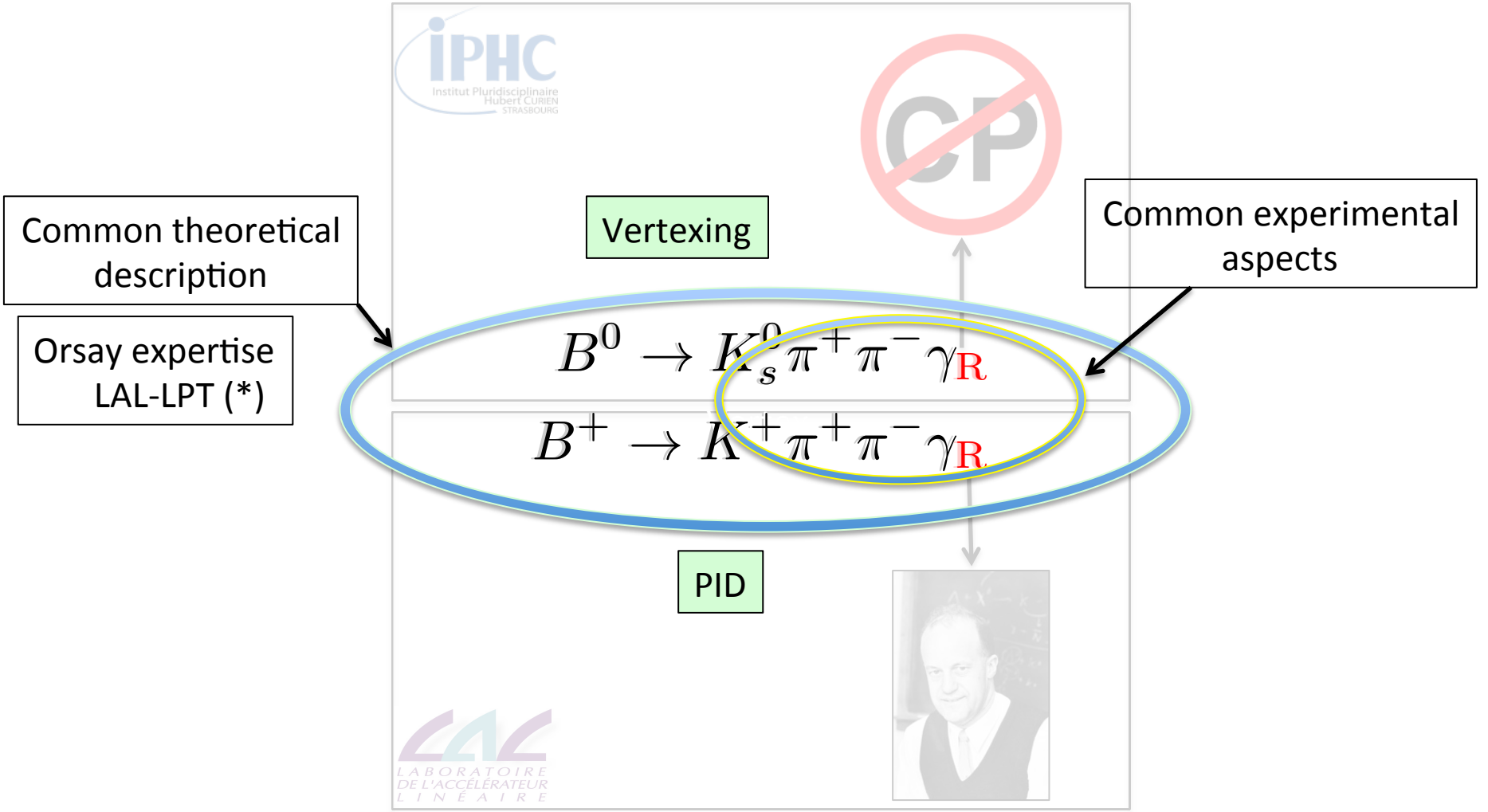


≥ 3 body final state needed

$$\mathcal{W}^{\gamma}(s_{13}, s_{23}, \cos\theta, \phi)_s \equiv a^{\gamma} + (-2a^{\gamma} + a_2^{\gamma}\cos 2\phi + a_3^{\gamma}\sin 2\phi)\sin^2\theta + b^{\gamma}\cos\theta$$

$a_i^{\gamma}/b_i^{\gamma}$: 3 Dalitz variable function


CP disentangling formula provided by LAL-Theory
IPHC
Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert CURIEN STRASBOURG
CP
$B^0 \to K^0_s \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma_R$
$B^+ \to K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma_R$
LABORATOIRE DE L'ACCÉLÉRATEUR LINÉAIRE
R. Dalitz
If observed it implies BSM
$\gamma_{polarization}$



(*) D. Becirevic, E. Kou, A. Le Yaouanc, A. Tayduganov

Bells and Whistles

for (*) $2\ \mathrm{ab}^{-1}$

$$B^0 \to K^0_s \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma_R \quad 1200$$

$$B^+ \to K^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma_R \quad 7000$$

$$B^0 \to K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \gamma_R \quad 1700$$

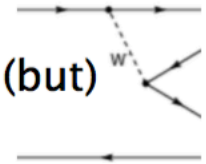
$$B^+ \to K^0_s \pi^+ \pi^0 \gamma_R \quad 1600$$

(*) $\langle \epsilon_{\mathrm{sel}} \rangle_{\mathrm{BFactory}}$

and the same, but with $\gamma \to J/\Psi$

(laboratory to probe/constrain theory)

$\mathrm{Br} \times 40$ (but)

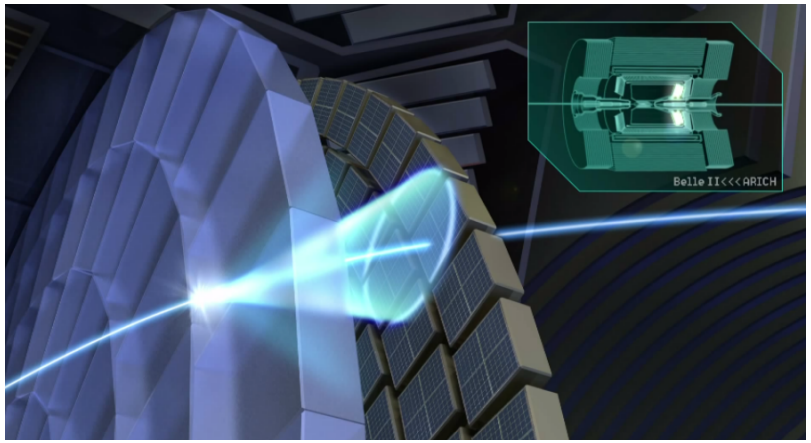


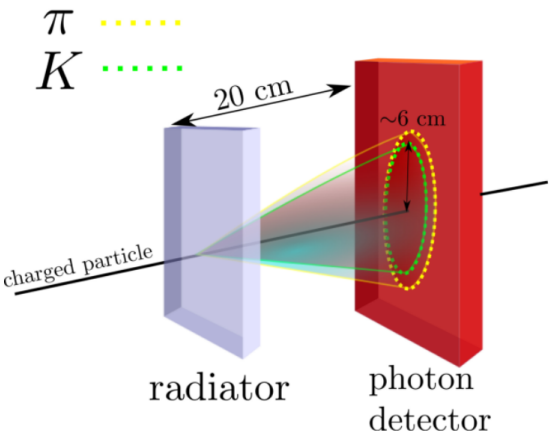
A.Tayduganov, EK, Le Yaouanc, 1604.07708

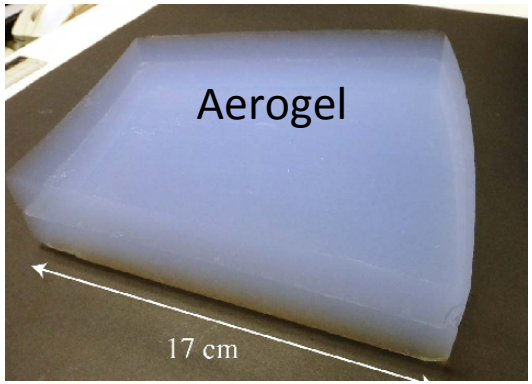
- Theoretical new idea to COPY the Dalitz plot from J/psi -> γ to remove the hadronic uncertainties
- New idea for statistic tricks needed (if succeeded, this has more application, more LAL contribution to fit package?!)!

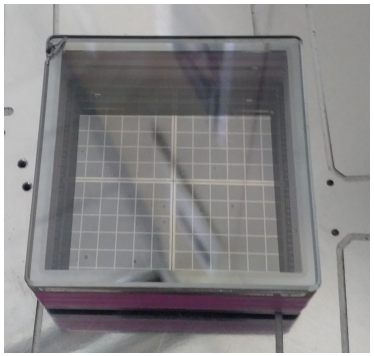
ARICH

- Aerogel Ring Imaging CHerenkov (ARICH)
- ARICH detector located in forward endcap.
- Target performance : K/pi separation at > 4σ C.L. @ 0.5 < p < 4 GeV/c.





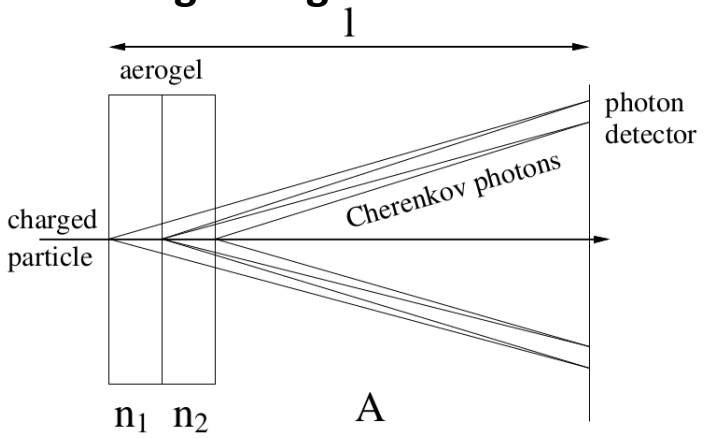




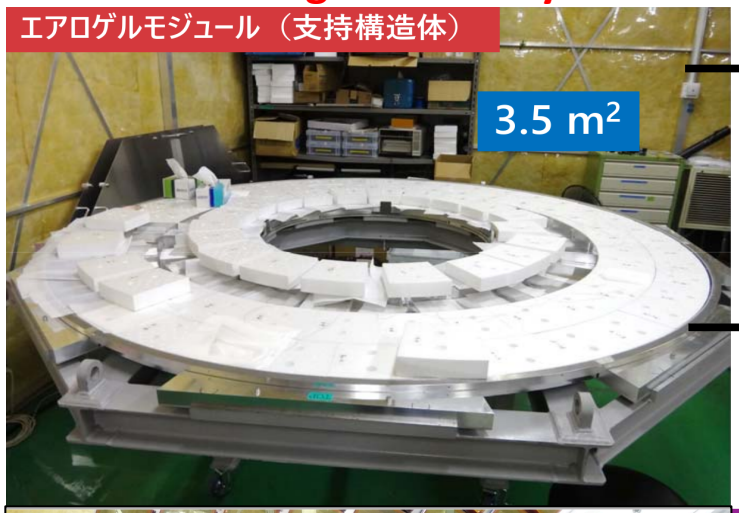
- Placed 2 m from I.P.
- rin = 56 cm, rout = 114 cm
- 3.5 m2 coverage surface
- 6 sectors
- 2 x 124 = 248 aerogel tiles
- 420 HAPD modules with
- 60480 readout channels
- 18 planar mirror plates

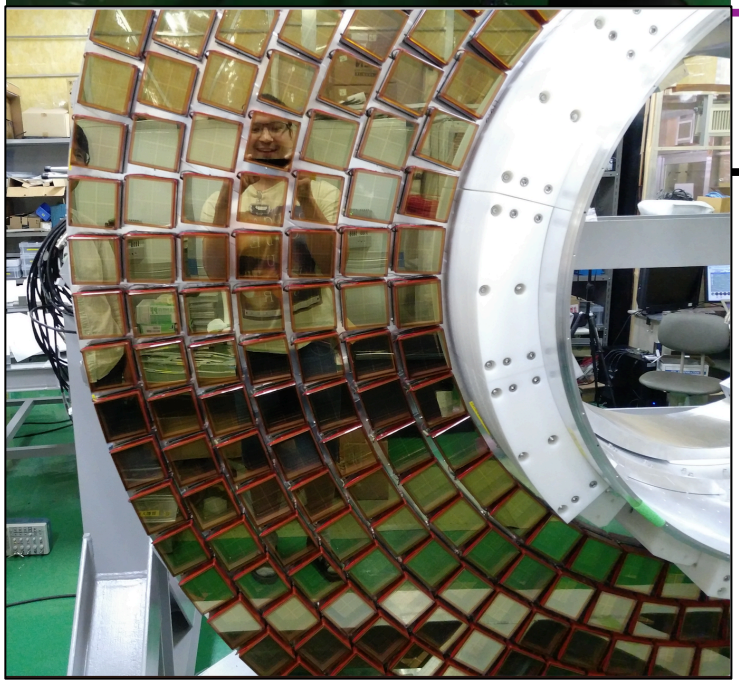
Hybrid Avalanche Photo Detector (HAPD)

Focusing configuration n1 < n2



Aerogel assembly





HAPDs assembly

(But where is Leonid?)

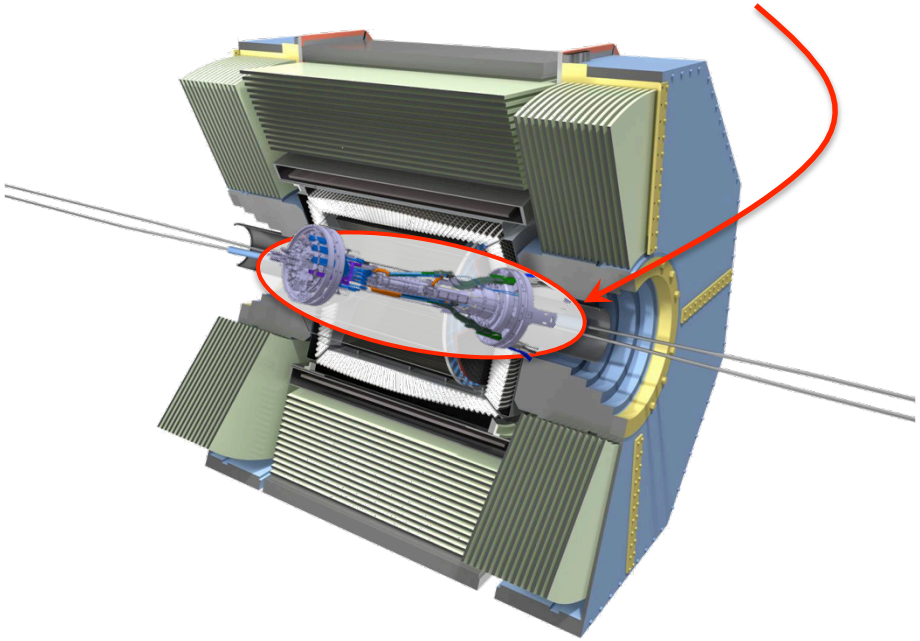
Work within ARICH team

- Hardware
  - Installation → Short term contribution
  - Calibration
  - Alignment
- Data quality monitor (DQM). → Long term commitment

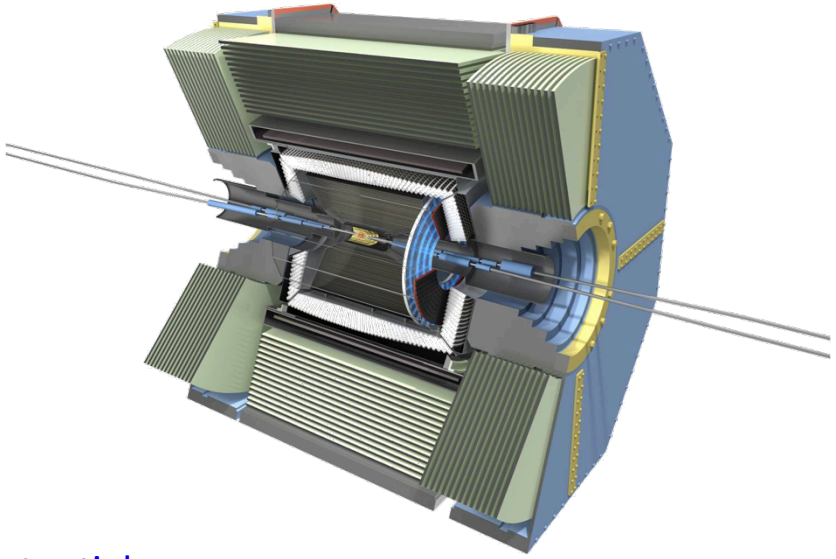
- Simulation → Short term contribution
  - Tests of new software release
  - Tuning and Adjustment
  - Adding modules for background
  - Alignment
  - ARICH software → Long term commitment

Beam induced background

- Phase 2 = Belle II + BEAST II



- Phase ≥ 3 = Belle II data taking



– Specific beam transport simulations
– Specific set of measurements (BEAST)

current commitment

potential commitment

– Simulation tuning to reproduce reality
– Bkg in Belle II-det. understood through BEAST

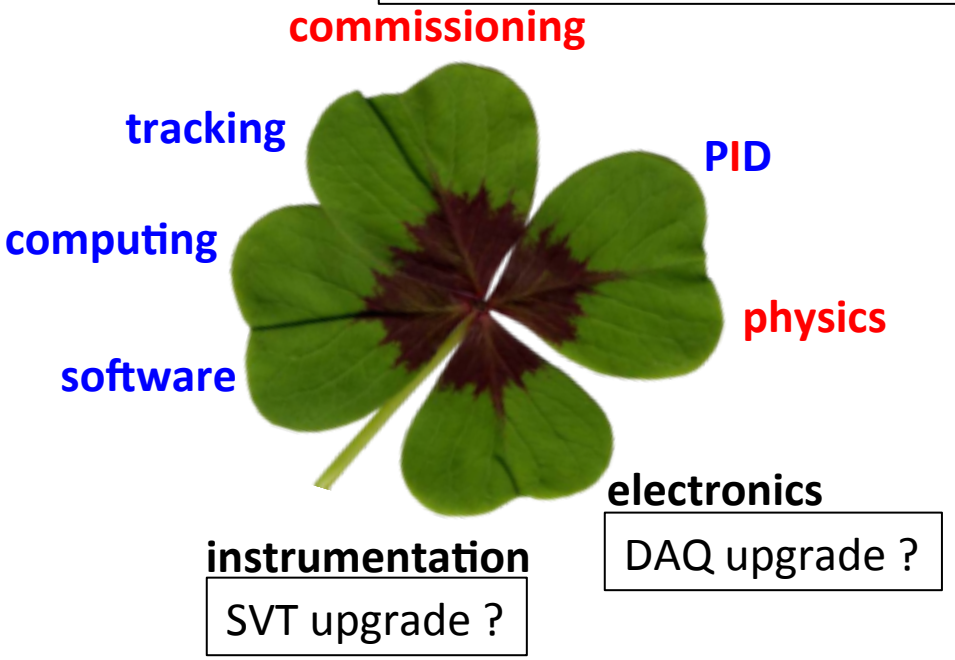
– Prediction of bkg level
– Bkg monitoring with BELLE II-det.

Journée Belle-II

22 mars 2017
LAL
Europe/Zurich timezone

(very friendly & open detailed discussions)

23rd morning was added for further exchanges on software needs



Conclusion

France very much welcome

Summary of intended contributions
(beside data analysis, and MDI follow-up)

At this stage Belle-II is gathering all its strenghts to assemble Detector&Software, which is a very exciting time in a collaboration lifetime.
France is **very much welcome**, and very much friendly expected to be a full-fledge member of the collaboration (kindergarten atmosphere).

For Belle-II, our acted commitments so far are :

LAL LABORATOIRE DE L'ACCÉLÉRATEUR LINÉAIRE — ARICH

IPHC Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert CURIEN STRASBOURG — Tracking software (K_s^0)

The synergy between both labs is genuine for analysis aspects but it turned out to be strong for all aspects.
Other commitments are indiscussion, keeping in mind to avoid dispersion and over-commitments (re-inforcement would help a lot).

Request to IN2P3 Scientific Council:
positive recommandation for

- The initiative : IN2P3 joins Belle-II (long term)
- The initial phase (2017-2019)
- The growth up to ~ 12 FTE

For the initial phase, the funding request are

- Travel missions for collaboration meetings (3/year)
- Long Stay of
  L. B. : 1-2 months 2017 : 1-2 years 2018-2019
  F. LD. : CNRS “delegation + MAD” (2 years) 2018-2020

Answer to referees questions

Wilson coefficients

$C_7'(\gamma_R)$ $C_7(\gamma_L)$

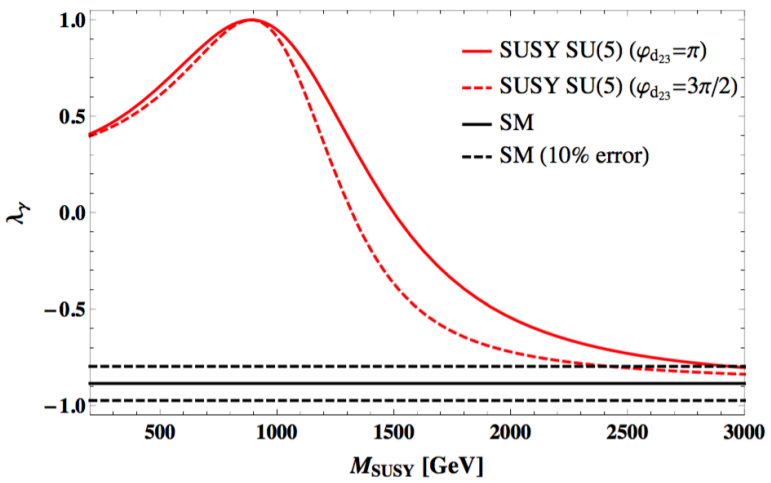
Large pQCD corrections

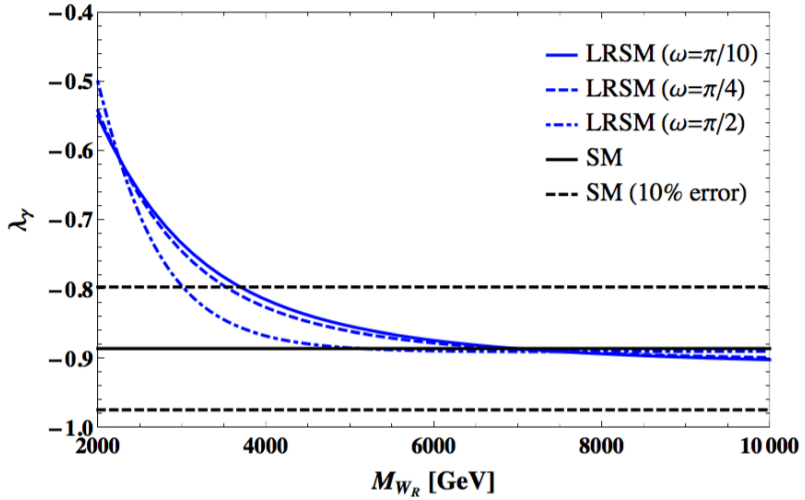
- **State of the art (Theory)**

$$\lambda_\gamma = \frac{|C_7'|^2 - |C_7|^2}{|C_7'|^2 + |C_7|^2} \simeq -1 + 2\left|\frac{C_7'}{C_7}\right|^2 = -1 + 2\left(\frac{m_s}{m_b}\right)^2 |\delta|^2 \simeq -1 + 10^{-3}|\delta|^2$$

Non-pQCD $\delta_{K^*\gamma} \simeq 0.8(2)$

(guts feeling) $\lambda_\gamma(\mathrm{SM}) = -1$ at most at a few percents level



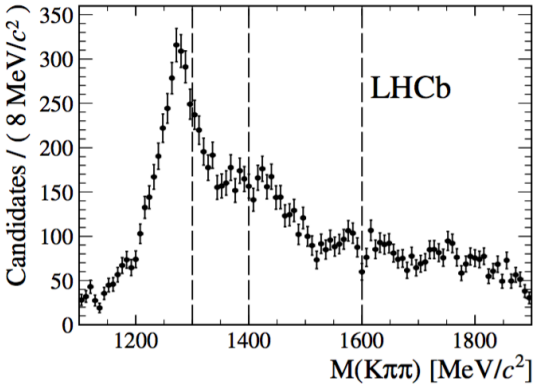


Answers to questions from referees

Beyond 2019

- **State of the art (Experiment)**

LHCb (2014) $\lambda_\gamma \neq 0 \ (5.2\sigma)$



Towards the measurement of λ_γ
(as of now R&D level)

LHCb (2016) PhD (G. Veneziano)

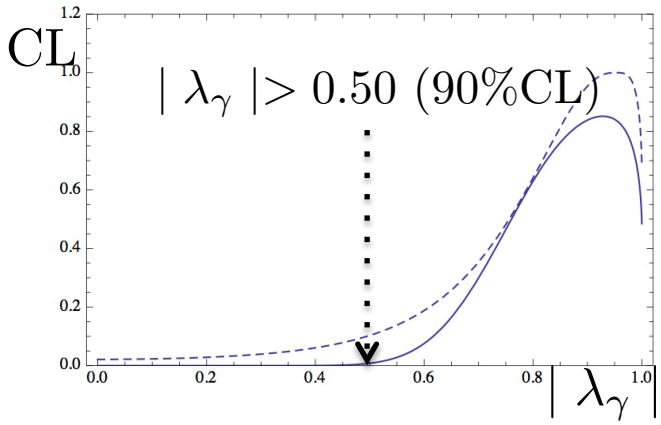
Belle-I (ongoing analysis K. Trabelsi KEK)

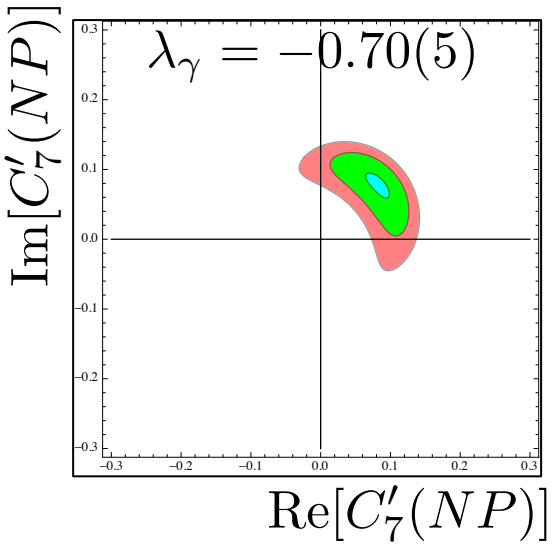
Very challenging : **middle term** analysis project
(because of background(s) and theory)

$\Longrightarrow$ joint LHCb-Belle mini workshop fall 2017

present experimental status

$$
\begin{aligned}
A_{\rm T}^{(2)} &= -0.23 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.05 \\
A_{\rm T}^{\rm Im} &= +0.14 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.05 \\
S_{K_S\pi^0\gamma} &= -0.16 \pm 0.22 \\
{\rm Br}_{B\to X_s\gamma} &= (3.43 \pm 0.22)\ 10^{-4} \\
\mathcal{A}^{\Delta} &= -0.98 \pm 0.54
\end{aligned}
$$





$|\lambda_\gamma| > 0.75$ (if next LHCb = SM)

5 dimensional kinematical variables

1 night on laptop?!

Statistics tricks play ground!

5 parameter fit

$$E = \begin{pmatrix} 0.034 & -0.133 & -0.021 & -0.067 & 0.007 \\ & 0.040 & 0.260 & 0.630 & -0.320 \\ & & 0.019 & 0.395 & -0.470 \\ & & & 0.680 & -0.405 \\ & & & & 0.180 \end{pmatrix}$$

Preliminary result!

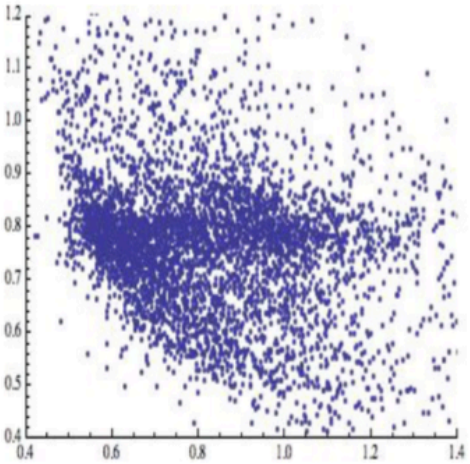
- Photon polarization
- K1(1270)/K1(1270) separation
- $(K\pi)_{s\text{-wave}}$ contributions
- K1 mixing angle c.f. (60±10)°
- Damping factor c.f. (4±0.5)

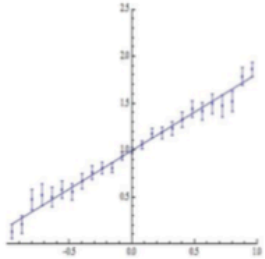
At ~3% level sensitivity to all 5 parameters (5k events)!

- Fast fitting time -> many theoretical checks possible
- This trick can be applied to many other places (LAL contribution to fit package)

E. Kou & F. Le Diberder on-going

Matrix Element Method





Some tricks are similar to the ones used for the measurement of the tau polarization at LEP

$\sim 2\ \mathrm{ab}^{-1} \simeq 2020$

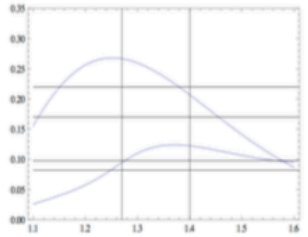


Figure 23: The widths Γ as a function of s (GeV^2).

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_0^{\text{fit}} & \Gamma_{\text{cst}}^{\text{data}} & \Gamma_{(s)}^{\text{data}} \\ \Gamma_{\text{cst}}^{\text{theory}} & 0.782 & 0.829 \\ \Gamma_{(s)}^{\text{theory}} & 0.773 & 0.834 \\ \delta v_0 & -0.009 & -0.005 \\ \langle \delta v_0 \rangle & -0.003 & +0.006 \\ \sigma_{\delta v_0} & 0.010 & 0.010 \end{bmatrix}$$

Numbers and costs

Nom	statut	Lab.	%FTE(2017/18/19)	k€ M&O(2017/18/19)	MDI
Ph. Bambade	DR	LAL	15/20/35	0/2.7/3.1	superKEKB
J. Baudot	Pr	IPHC	10/15/35	0/2.7/3.1	BEAST
S. Bilokin	postD.	IPHC	30/95/65	0/2.7/3.1	-
L. Burmistrov	IR	LAL	60/90/90	0/2.7/3.1	-
D. Cuesta	Doc.	IPHC	20/20/40	-	BEAST
F. Le Diberder	Pr	LAL	40/70/95	0/2.7/3.1	-
E. Kou	DR	LAL	50/50/50	0/2.7/3.1	-
I. Ripp-Baudot	DR	IPHC	10/20/60	0/2.7/3.1	BEAST
L. Santelj	postD.	IPHC	10/10/10	0/2.7/1.0	BEAST
X. Y (funded)	Doc.	IPHC	50/95/95	-	-
X. Y (grant?)	Doc.	LAL	50/95/95	-	-
X. Y (hoped)	postD.	LAL	/30/95	0/0/3.1	-

Nature	2017	2018	2019
Missions	30	60	90
M&O	0	20	25

k€

Typical stays and related cost : KEK = 7 days * 3 = 6k€ + IPHC-LAL = 1 day * 2 = 1k€

- No double counting with MDI.
- **Long stay not accounted for** (1-2 months 2017, then full year 2018-2019)

Belle-II versus LHCb : why Belle-II ?

Institution level reason:

1) IN2P3-HEP is strongly present in LHC, in fact only in LHC => diversification
2) Develop collaboration with Japan
3) Funding needs are limited : small group, M&O very low

Physics reason:

1) Two extremely different experiments
   LHCb strengths : huge statistics, boost, all B's produced, detector tuned
   Belle-II strengths : large statistics, boost, very clean events, new detector
   exquisite tagging and π^0, backgounds much smaller, and of different nature
2) If New Physics is observed in any of the two experiment
   => confirmation by the other is essential (would be delighted to simply confirm)

Sociological reason:

1) (non-aggressive) competition is a plus for the scientific life of an Institute (ATLASCMS)
2) Longstanding ties with KEK (and Japan) for most members of the LAL-IPHC team
3) 3) Belle-II group is not meant to grow large : no threat on LHCb
4) LAL-LHCb welcome the initiative

Remarks : cf. strong European presence in Belle-II (France is a late comer)

Beyond Initial period (2017-2019)

The goal is to expand the group from ~ 4 FTE (2019) to ~ 12 FTE (permanent staff) and to attrack other laboratories in France.

The present proposal to the CS-IN2P3 concerns only the initial phase because of that:

We are a small team, with no concrete proposition to future detector realization, yet.

The detector being assembled, the Belle-II collaboration is not diverting efforts to possible upgrades. Only for DAQ, an upgrade appears necessary in the middle term, but even here, the **kick-off** workshop on the subject will be held only in Fall 2017.

Would “significant” propositions from us materialize, the implication of the Institute would imply an explicit formulation to, and approval by the Scientific Council(s).

Remark : Considering the future size of the group (<- not “large”) the term “significant” Is to be understood “considering the size of the group”.